

混迷を深める中国経済

—経済情勢と政策動向に関する考察—

内藤 二郎

(大東文化大学経済学部教授)

【要約】

中国経済の減速傾向が強まり、長期低迷に突入する懸念が高まっている。不動産市場の低迷やデフレの進行など経済情勢が混迷を深め、米中対立をはじめとする不安定な対外関係が長期化している状況もあり、高度成長が終焉を迎えて新たな発展段階に入った中国経済の成長と安定の大きな制約となっている。マクロ経済政策の実態が、抑制的な傾向にあることが懸念される。一方で、抜本的な課題である経済の構造改革、深刻化する少子高齢化への対応、そして長期低迷への陥落を回避する対策が急務である。3期目の習近平政権は、厳しい政策運営を強いられている。権力集中による政策の硬直性を修正して政策の迷走を正し、国際協力や協調の姿勢を具体的に示し、公平・公正な市場環境を整備していくことが強く求められる。抜本的な改革の意思を国の内外に明示し、言動を一致させ、具体的施策として徹底し続ける以外に、中国経済を回復軌道に導く手立てはない。

キーワード：マクロ経済動向、長期停滞リスク、経済政策、改革課題

動盪加劇的中國經濟

—經濟情勢與政策走勢的相關考察—

內藤 二郎

(大東文化大學經濟學部教授)

【摘要】

中國經濟放緩的趨勢益發顯著，外界對於中國經濟將進入長期低迷的憂心日益強烈。低迷的不動產市場以及正在發生的通縮等經濟情勢加劇整體情況的動盪，從美中對抗開始，中國對外關係的不穩定也出現長期化的趨勢，即將面臨高度成長告終，進入全新發展階段的中國經濟，成為能否維持經濟成長與穩定的最主要制約要素。總體經濟政策的實際運作，也讓人憂心是否出現限制發展的情況。另一方面，作為根本性課題的經濟結構改革，因應愈趨嚴峻的少子高齡化現象的策略、加上避免陷入長期低迷的對策，是目前當務之急。進入第三任期的習近平政權，被迫採取實施嚴厲的政策。當前外界強烈要求，中國須修正因權力集中造成的政策僵化，矯正政策實施上的失誤，須具體表現與國際社會合作且彈性調整的態度，並完善公平、公正的市場環境。習近平政權除了對內對外皆須明確釋放將進行徹底改革的意向，保持言行一致，持續徹底採取具體措施之外，並無其他能將中國經濟導回正軌的方法。

關鍵字：總體經濟趨勢、長期停滯風險、經濟政策、改革課題

China's Economy in Turmoil: Consideration of the Economic Situation and Policy Trends

Jiro Naito

Professor, Faculty of Economics, Daito Bunka University

【Abstract】

The slowdown in the Chinese economy is intensifying, and there are growing concerns that the economy may enter a prolonged slump. The economic situation is becoming increasingly chaotic, with a sluggish real estate market and ongoing deflation, while prolonged instability in external relations, including the U.S.-China confrontation, is a major constraint on the growth and stability of the Chinese economy, which has entered a new stage of development after its rapid growth came to an end. There are concerns that the actual macroeconomic policies tend to be restrained. The Xi Jinping administration, now in its third term, has been forced to manage its policies harshly. There is a strong need to correct policy rigidity caused by the concentration of power, to correct policy lapses, to demonstrate a concrete stance toward international cooperation and coordination, and to develop a fair and equitable market environment. There is no other way to put China's economy on a recovery track other than to continue to make clear the will for drastic reform to both inside and outside the country, to be consistent in words and deeds, and to thoroughly implement concrete measures.

Keywords: macroeconomic trends, risk of prolonged stagnation, economic policy, reform challenges

〈参考文献〉

- 赤松礼奈、石川英樹、田尾真一、古井仁、2017「プレミアム付商品券の経済効果に関する考察—下松市プレミアム付商品券の事例から—」『徳山大学論叢』第 85 号。
Akamatsu, Rena, Hideki Ishikawa, Shinichi Tao, and Hitoshi Furui. 2017. “Puremiamu tsuki shohin ken no keizai koka ni kansuru kosatsu—kudamatsushi puremiamu tsuki shohin ken no jirei kara” [A Study on the Economic Effects of Premium Gift Certificates: From the Case of Kudamatsu City Premium Gift Certificates]. *Tokuyama University Review*. No.85.
- 関志雄、2022「(中国経済新論：实事求是)『共同富裕』を目指す中国—カギとなる農村所得の向上と二次分配改革—」『RIETI』経済産業研究所。
Kwan, Chi-hung. 2022. “(Chugoku keizai shinron: jitsujikyuze) ‘kyodo fuyu’ wo mezasu Chugoku—kagi tonaru noson shotoku no kojo to niji bunpai kaikaku” [(New Theory of Chinese Economy: Seek Truth from Facts) China aiming for “common wealth”: Raising rural income and secondary distribution reform as the key]. *RIETI*. Research Institute of Economy, Trade and Industry.
- 関志雄、2023「(中国経済新論：实事求是) 苦境に陥った中国における民営企業—求められる参入障壁の除去と財産権の保護強化—」『RIETI』経済産業研究所。
Kwan, Chi-hung. 2023. “(Chugoku keizai shinron: jitsujikyuze) kuckyo ni ochiitta Chugoku ni okeru minei kigyō—motomerareru sannyu shoheki no jokyō to zaisanken no hogo kyōka” [(New Theory of Chinese Economy: Seek Truth from Facts) Private enterprises in China in difficult times: Required removal of barriers to entry and strengthening of protection of property rights]. *RIETI*. Research Institute of Economy, Trade and Industry.
- 小嶋華津子、2014「習近平政権と中国の政治権力構造」『フィナンシャル・レビュー』第 3 号 (通巻第 119 号)、財務総合政策研究所。
Kojima, Kazuko. 2014. “Shukinpei seiken to Chugoku no seiji kenryoku kozo” [Xi Jinping Administration and China’s Political Power Structure]. *Financial Review*. No.3 (Volume No.119). Policy Research Institute, Ministry of Finance, JAPAN.
- 斎藤尚登、2024「中国経済見通し：2024 年の注目点と中長期展望」大和総研。
Saito, Naoto. 2024. “Chugoku keizai mitoshi: 2024 nen no chumokuten to chuchoki tenbo” [China’s economic outlook: 2024 highlights and medium- to long-term outlook]. Daiwa Institute of Research.
- 財新 Biz&Tech、2024a「中国『融資平台』のオフショア起債に当局が待った 債務利払いの原資を割高コストで調達する矛盾」『東洋経済オンライン』1月24日、<https://toyokeizai.net/articles/-/728319> (閲覧日：2024/2/19)。
Zaishin Biz&Tech. 2024a. “Chugoku ‘yushi heidai’ no ofushoa kisai ni tokyoku ga matta, saimu ribarai no genshi wo waridaka kosuto de chotatsu suru mujun” [Contradiction in procuring funds for debt interest payments at a relatively high cost after the authorities waited for China’s ‘LGFV Loan’ to issue offshore bonds]. *Toyo Keizai Online*. January 24 (Accessed on February 19, 2024).

財新 Biz&Tech, 2024b 「中国『不動産不況』が個人の消費マインドに冷水 UBS は 2024 年の個人消費伸び率を 5.5%と予想」『東洋経済オンライン』1月26日、<https://toyokeizai.net/articles/-/729046> (閲覧日: 2024/2/19)。

Zaishin Biz&Tech. 2024b. “Chugoku ‘fudosan fukyo’ ga kojn no shohi maindo ni reisu, UBS wa 2024 nen no kojn shohi nobiritsu wo 5.5 pasento to yoso” [China’s ‘real estate recession’ puts a damper on consumer sentiment: UBS predicts personal consumption growth rate of 5.5% in 2024]. *Toyo Keizai Online*. January 26 (Accessed on February 19, 2024).

内藤二郎、2014 「中国の財政状況、政策および地方債務問題の現状と課題」『フィナンシャル・レビュー』第3号(通巻第119号)、財務総合政策研究所。

Naito, Jiro. 2014. “Chugoku no zaisei jokyo, seisaku oyobi chiho saimu mondai no genjo to kadai” [Current status and challenges of China’s fiscal situation, policies, and local debt issues]. *Financial Review*. No.3 (Volume No.119). Policy Research Institute, Ministry of Finance, JAPAN.

内藤二郎、2024 「中国の不動産市場低迷の背景と課題」『国際情勢』第90号、国際情勢研究所。

Naito, Jiro. 2024. “Chugoku no fudosan shijo teimei no haikai to kadai” [Background and issues of the downturn in China’s real estate market]. *International Affairs*. No.90. The Institute of International Affairs.

日本経済新聞(電子版)、2024 「中国『余る住宅』1.5億人分 バブル崩壊、摩擦は世界に」1月27日。

Nihon Keizai Shimbun Online. 2024. “Chugoku ‘amaru jutaku’ 1.5 okuninbun, baburu hokai, masatsu wa sekai ni” [China’s ‘excess housing’ for 150 million people: burst of bubble, friction spread to the world]. January 27.

日本貿易振興機構(JETRO)、2021 「ビジネス短信: 湖北省、武漢市などで消費刺激のクーポン配布」10月14日。

Japan External Trade Organization (JETRO). 2021. “Bijinesu tanshin: Kohokusho, Bukanshi nadode shohi shigeki no kupon haifu” [Business briefing: Distribution of coupons to stimulate consumption in Hubei province, Wuhan city, etc]. October 14.

福本智之、2022 『中国減速の深層— 共同富裕 時代のリスクとチャンス』日本経済新聞出版。

Fukumoto, Tomoyuki. 2022. *Chugoku gensoku no shinso— ‘kyodo fuyu’ jidai no risuku to chansu [The Depths of China’s Slowdown: Risks and Opportunities in the Era of ‘Common Prosperity’]*. Nihon Keizai Shimbun Publishing.

福本智之、2023 「地域・分析レポート: 成長率目標5%前後は達成の見通し 安定回復には供給面の対策も必要」日本貿易振興機構(JETRO)。

Fukumoto, Tomoyuki. 2023. “Chiiki/bunseki repoto: seichoritsu mokuhyo 5 pasento zengo wa tassei no mitoshi, antei kaifuku ni wa kyokyumen no taisaku mo hitsuyo” [Regional/Analysis Report: Growth rate target of around 5% is expected to be achieved: supply-

- side measures are also necessary for stable recovery]. Japan External Trade Organization (JETRO).
- 三浦有史、2023「中国の政府債務は日本に次ぐ水準に」『アジア・マンスリー』No. 269 (8月号)。
- Miura, yuji. 2023. “Chugoku no seifu saimu wa Nihon ni tsugu sui jun ni” [China’s government debt is at a level second only to Japan]. *Asia Monthly*. No.269, August.
- 人民日報、2023「中央經濟工作會議在北京舉行」12月13日、https://paper.people.com.cn/rmrb/html/2023-12/13/nw.D110000renmrb_20231213_1-01.htm (閲覧日：2024/2/19)。
- People’s Daily. 2023. “Zhongyang jingji gongzuo huiyi zai beijing juxing” [Central Economic and Financial Work Conference held in Beijing]. December 13 (Accessed on February 19, 2024).
- 中華人民共和國國家發展和改革委員會、2023a「國家發展改革委副主任叢亮出席經濟形勢和政策國務院政策例行吹風會 介紹相關情況並回答記者提問」9月20日、https://www.ndrc.gov.cn/fzggw/wld/cl/lddt/202309/t20230920_1360718.html (閲覧日：2024/2/19)。
- National Development and Reform Commission of the People’s Republic of China. 2023a. “Guojia fazhan gaigewei fuzhuren congliang chuxi jingji xingshi he zhengce guowuyuan zhengce lixing chui fenghui, jieshao xiangguan qingkuang bing huida jizhe tiwen” [Deputy Director of the National Development and Reform Commission Cong Liang attended the regular briefing on economic development and policies of the State Council to introduce relevant situations and answer reporters’ questions]. September 20 (Accessed on February 19, 2024).
- 中華人民共和國國家發展和改革委員會、2023b「關於進一步抓好抓實促進民間投資工作努力調動民間投資積極性的通知」7月24日、https://www.ndrc.gov.cn/xxgk/zcfb/tz/202307/t20230724_1358620.html (閲覧日：2024/2/19)。
- National Development and Reform Commission of the People’s Republic of China. 2023b. “Guanyu jinyibu zhua hao zhua shi cujin minjian touzi gongzuo nuli diaodong minjian touzi jijixing de tongzhi” [Notice on further implementing the work of promoting private investment and striving to mobilize the enthusiasm of private investment]. July 24 (Accessed on February 19, 2024).
- 中國人民銀行、2023「2023年第三季中國貨幣政策執行報告」11月27日、<http://www.pbc.gov.cn/zhengcehuobisi/125207/125227/125957/4883187/5150339/index.html> (閲覧日：2024/2/19)。
- The People’s Bank of China. 2023. “2023 nian disanji Zhongguo huobi zhengce zhixing baogao” [China’s Monetary Policy Implementation Report for the Third Quarter of 2023]. November 27 (Accessed on February 19, 2024).
- 中華人民共和國財政部、2023「新華解碼 | 透視我國增發2023年公債1兆元的深意」10月24日、<https://www.mof.gov.cn/zhengwuxinxi/caizhengxinwen/202310/>

- t20231024_3912926.htm (閲覧日: 2024/2/19)。
- Ministry of Finance of the People's Republic of China. 2023. "Xinhua jiema: toushi woguo zengfa 2023 nian gongzhai 1 zhao yuan de shenyi" [Xinhua Decoding: Perspective on the Implications of my country's Additional Public Debt Issuance of 1 Trillion Yuan in 2023]. October 24 (Accessed on February 19, 2024).
- 中華人民共和國財政部HP、<https://www.mof.gov.cn/index.htm> (閲覧日: 2024/2/19)。
- Ministry of Finance of the People's Republic of China HP (Accessed on February 19, 2024).
- 中華人民共和國審計署、2013「2013年第32号公告: 全國政府債務審計結果」12月30日、<https://www.audit.gov.cn/n5/n25/c63642/content.html> (閲覧日: 2024/2/19)。
- National Audit Office of the People's Republic of China. 2013. "2013 nian di 32 hao gonggao: Quanguo zhengfu zhaiwu shenji jieguo" [Announcement No.32 of 2013: National Government Debt Audit Results]. December 30 (Accessed on February 19, 2024).
- 中華人民共和國國家外匯管理局、2024「國家外匯管理局公佈2023年四季度及全年我國國際收支平衡表初步數」、2月18日、<https://www.safe.gov.cn/safe/2024/0218/24005.html> (閲覧日: 2024/2/19)。
- The State Administration of Foreign Exchange of the People's Republic of China. 2024. "Guojia waihui guanliju gongbu 2023 nian sijidu ji quannian woguo guoji shouzhi pinghengbiao chubushu" [Preliminary Balance of Payments for the Fourth Quarter and the Full Year of 2023 (published by the State Administration of Foreign Exchange)]. February 18 (Accessed on February 19, 2024).
- 中華人民共和國國家統計局編、2023『中國統計摘要』中國統計出版社。
- National Bureau of Statistics of the People's Republic of China. 2023. *China Statistical Abstract*. China Statistics Press.
- 中華人民共和國國家統計局HP、<https://www.stats.gov.cn/> (閲覧日: 2024/2/19)。
- National Bureau of Statistics of the People's Republic of China HP (Accessed on February 19, 2024).
- 中華人民共和國人民政府、2024「政府工作報告」、https://www.gov.cn/gongbao/2024/issue_11246/202403/content_6941846.html (閲覧日: 2024/5/16)。
- Government The State Council of Peoples Republic of China. 2024. "Zhengfu gongzuo baogao" [Government Activity Report] (Accessed on May 16, 2024).
- IMF. 2023a. "People's Republic of China: 2022 Article IV Consultation-Press Release; Staff Report; and Statement by the Executive Director for the People's Republic of China." February. <https://www.elibrary.imf.org/view/journals/002/2023/067/002.2023.issue-067-en.xml> (Accessed on February 19, 2024).
- IMF. 2023b. "World Economic Outlook." October. <https://www.imf.org/external/datamapper/datasets> (Accessed on February 19, 2024).
- United Nations (Population Division of the Department of Economic and Social Affairs). 2022a. *World Population Prospects 2022*.